Factors that Affect Fermentation

Name:			

Purpose: To determine how temperature and sugar concentration impacts the amount of fermentation in yeast.

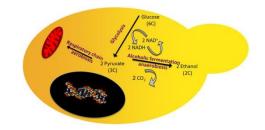
Materials:

Erlenmeyer flask Water
Graduated Cylinder Hot plate
Beaker Ice bath

Sugar Thermometers

Teaspoons Balloon

Yeast



Method (completed by each individual):

- 1. **Note:** as a class we need to try to prepare these trials at the same time.
- 2. Gather the materials 1 Erlenmeyer flask, 1 graduated cylinder, 1 beaker & 1 balloon
- 3. Put 1 teaspoon of yeast into the flask.
- 4. You will be each assigned a trial. My trial is:
- 5. Gather the materials for that trial
 - a. Appropriate amount of sugar
 - b. 100mL of the correct temp of water
- 6. Record the temperature of the water
- 7. Combine ingredients sugar, water and yeast. Swirl the contents at least 10 times so that it is well mixed.
- 8. Put a balloon over the top of the flask.
- 9. Bring to the front of the room.

Data Table:

Trail #	Who?	Amount of sugar	Temperature of Water	Actual Temperature	Results (what happened to the balloon, compared to the other balloons in the other trials)
1a					
1b		0.5 tsp	30-35°C		
1c		_			
2a					
2b		1 tsp	30-35°C		
2c					
3a					
3b		1.5 tsp	30-35°C		
3c					

Trail #	Who?	Amount	Temperature	Actual	Results (what happened to the balloon, compared
	Triio.	of sugar	of Water	temperature	to the other balloons in the other trials)
4a					
4b		2 tsp	30-35°C		
4c					
5a					
5b		1 tsp	10-15 °C		
5c					
6a					
6b		1 tsp	20-25 °C		
6c					
7a					
7b		1 tsp	40-45 °C		
7c					
8a					
8b		1 tsp	50-55 °C		
8c					

Variables and Hypothesis:

Independent Variable:	
Dependent Variable:	
Controls:	-
Hypothesis: If	_ (independent variable)
then	(dependent variable) because

(scientif	ic reasoning)
	unalysis
	Describe your results (from the data table) including scientific reasoning.
2.	Was your hypothesis valid (shown to be correct)? Yes or no, why or why not?
3.	List some positive aspects of the method (specifically about the variables, measurement and controls).
4.	List some concern/negatives about the method (specifically about the variables, measurement and controls).

5. What would you do differently to get better results if you repeated the experiment? Do not comment on your lab skills but on the steps of the method.

	Beginning	Developing	Accomplished	Exemplary
Hypothesis	No variables identified	variables are partially identified or identified incorrectly	variables are correctly identified	variables are correctly identified
	includes hypotheses in incorrect format	includes hypothesis in "If…then…" format with limited reasoning	includes and describes hypothesis in "Ifthen" format using scientific reasoning	includes and explains hypothesis in "Ifthen" format using correct scientific reasoning
Analysis Questions	Data is interpreted	Data is interpreted and results are explained	Data is accurately interpreted and results are explained using scientific reasoning	Data is correctly interpreted and results are explained using correct scientific reasoning
	Validity of the hypothesis is stated	Validity of the hypothesis is assessed and outlined using scientific reasoning.	Validity of the hypothesis is assessed and described using scientific reasoning.	Validity of the hypothesis is assessed and explained using scientific reasoning.
	Only 1-2 positives and negatives stated about the method.	A minimal list of positives and negatives about the method	A list of positives and negatives about the method.	A detailed list of positives and negatives about the method.
	Improvements to the method are stated	Improvements to the method that would benefit the scientific investigation are outlined.	Improvements to the method that would benefit the scientific investigation are described	Improvements to the method that would benefit the scientific investigation are explained.