

Biology 12
Protein Synthesis Worksheet

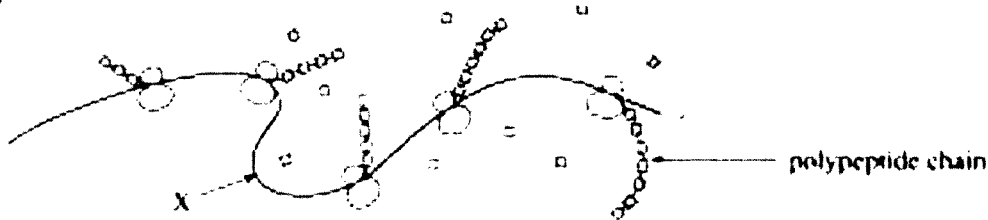
#2

Name: _____

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1)



The molecule represented by the line labeled X is
 A. DNA. B. tRNA. C. rRNA. D. mRNA.

2) A section of DNA has the following sequence of nitrogenous bases:
 CGAT T ACAG

Which of the following sequences would be produced as a result of transcription?
 A. CGTUUTCTG B. GCTAATGTC C. CGAUUACAG D. GCUAAUGUC

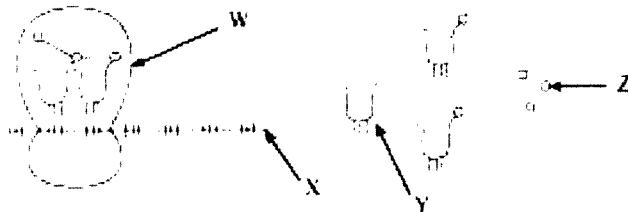
- 3) 1. Uracil bonds with adenine.
2. Complementary bonding between codon and anticodon.
3. DNA unzips.
4. mRNA joins with ribosome.

The correct order of the above during protein synthesis is
 A. 1, 2, 4, 3 B. 1, 3, 2, 4 C. 3, 1, 4, 2 D. 3, 2, 1, 4

4) Give the location of the following processes in the cell:

- i) transcription: _____
- ii) translation: _____

5) . Due to a mutation, one base pair is lost from a DNA molecule. Describe the effect this mutation has on the protein being synthesized.



The diagram above shows a part of the process of protein synthesis.

a) Identify the following labeled structures.

- W: _____ X: _____
 Y: _____ Z: _____

b) Name the stage of protein synthesis represented by the diagram above.

c) Where in the cell is X synthesized?

6)

Three-letter codons of messenger RNA and the amino acids specified by the codons			
AAU } AAC } Asparagine	CAU } CAC } Histidine	GAU } GAC } Aspartic acid	UAU } UAC } Tyrosine
AAA } AAG } Lysine	CAA } CAC } Glutamine	GAA } GAG } Glutamate	UAA } UAG } Stop
ACU } ACC } ACA } ACG } Threonine	CCU } CCC } CCA } CCG } Proline	GCU } GCC } GCA } GCG } Alanine	UCU } UCC } UCA } UCG } Serine
AGU } AGC } Serine	CGU } CGC } CGA } CGG } Arginine	GGU } GGC } GGA } GGG } Glycine	UGU } UGC } Cysteine
AGA } AGG } Arginine			UGA – Stop UGG – Tryptophan
AUU } AUC } AUA } Isoleucine	CUU } CUC } CUA } CUG } Leucine	GUU } GUC } GUA } GUG } Valine	UUU } UUC } Phenylalanine
AUG – Methionine			UUA } UUG } Leucine

a) Given the DNA sequence **CACGTATGCAAATT**, use the table above to describe the primary structure of the protein it would transcribe. (Assume initiation has occurred.)

b) A strand of DNA has the following bases: **CACGGCC**

If the adenine base was deleted, which amino acids would be coded for?
A. valine, proline B. glycine, alanine C. proline, arginine D. glycine, arginine

c) Determine the sequence of amino acids produced by this DNA sequence:
GGAGTTTTTC

A. Proline, Valine, Lysine. B. Glycine, Valine, Leucine.
C. Proline, Glutamine, Lysine. D. Glycine, Glutamic acid, Leucine.

d) A tRNA molecule with the anticodon GCU would be carrying the amino acid
A. valine. B. alanine. C. tyrosine. D. arginine.

e) If the code for an amino acid is AGC on the DNA molecule, the anticodon on the tRNA would be:
A. AGC B. TGC C. UCG D. UGC

f) If the triplet code on a DNA molecule changes from ACT to AGC, the result is called
A. mutation. B. metastasis. C. translation. D. transcription.